

A Database to Select Affordable MOFs for Volumetric Hydrogen Cryoadsorption Considering the Cost of their Linkers

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1. Elaboration of the database

The CoRE MOF ASR 2019 (Computational-Ready Experimental MOFs, all solvent removed) database contains 9,146 optimised MOF structures in which solvent molecules, coordinated or not to metallic atoms, have been removed from the cavities. This database provides structures' identifiers used in the MOF-subset of the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD), their porous properties like gravimetric and volumetric accessible areas, pore volume, void fraction, and density; and the metallic composition as well as the potential presence of open metallic sites (OMS).¹ From this list, 5,295 materials would ideally meet the target of 40 g/L for 2025 according to the estimation procedure described in section 1.2. The Core MOF database includes the metallic information for each structure, making it possible to screen among structures made out of feasible metals. The most affordable metals are abundant in the Earth's crust, non-noble, and industrially relevant.² Cheaper or more abundant metals than W are selected (Al, Ca, Cd, Cr, Cu, Fe, Li, Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Ni, Si, Sn, Sr, Ti, V, Zn, and Zr).

1.1. Composition of MOFs

The organic composition of MOFs is not defined in the CoRE MOF database¹ nor the CSD MOF subset³. This crystallographic information has been coded as MOFid codes for most of these structures.⁴ MOFid codes consist of Canonical SMILES strings coding the inorganic and organic chemical components of MOFs from the CoRE MOF database, topology, and identifier of the corresponding MOF structure. Some of the SMILES strings provided correspond to fragments or substructures of linkers so that these codes could indicate a higher number of components than those actually present in the material. This algorithm also provides a second code, the MOFKey, linking the metallic elements and the InChiKey (a fix-length format of the International Chemical Identifier) of the linkers present in the structure. However, the same limitations affect MOFKey and MOFid since they both start from the deconstruction of the crystallographic data. Therefore, the MOFid and the MOFKey do not code the organic composition of ca. 10 % of the structures in the CoRE MOF database.

In this work, the chemical composition of a selection of 3,786 structures was directly obtained from the CSD. The software ConQuest (under license of CCDC) generates a ".cfg" file compiling the deposited crystallographic information and chemical composition for each structure. This composition was split into its components (linkers, solvents, other coordinated molecules, and extra-framework substances) by performing a described algorithm in section 1.4. Common solvents such as dimethylformamide, ethanol, methanol, and water were removed from the list of components, leaving other organic molecules such as structuring agents (SDA) or charge-balancing ions.

In total, 2,207 organic molecules appear in this selection, some of which are named following different nomenclature rules (i.e., terephthalate, 1,4-benzenedicarboxylate, or benzene-1,4-dicarboxylate).

1.2. Estimation of the volumetric hydrogen uptake

The gravimetric hydrogen uptake was calculated for these structures using an estimating method starting from the porous properties specific surface area and pore volume of structures with a higher pore volume than 0.3 cm³/g.⁵ The volumetric uptake of each structure was calculated by multiplying the gravimetric uptake by the corresponding crystallographic density. This procedure could overestimate some hydrogen uptakes because the reported porous properties are higher than the experimentally determined ones. The actual porous properties can be lower than the crystallographic ones because of the presence of structural defects in the actual structures, lack of activation, frameworks' flexibility, polymorphism, and instability of crystalline phases to preparation/operation conditions.⁶⁻⁹

The structural optimisation before calculating the porous properties of the MOFs could also contribute to this overestimation. The simulation of these crystalline structures do not consider possible structural changes after removing solvent molecules, like during the generation of exposed-metal sites, or during removal of structure-directing agents (SDA) or charge-compensating substances¹. An example is the material Zn-PyDC (CSD code BUKMUQ), made out of pyridine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid and Zn, whose measured surface area ($A_{\text{BET}} = 546 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$) is significantly lower than the calculated one (3,160 m²/g) due to its guest-dependent flexible structure¹⁰. Calculated SSA values for materials Me₂-DOBQ₃ (Me=Ni, CSD code OWITOE, Fe, OWITUK, Zn, OWIVAS, Co, OWITEU, and Mn, OWITIY; DOBQ: 2,5-dioxy-1,4-benzoquinone) are between 4,800 – 5,100 m²/g with a 77 % of void volume. However, the tetrabutylammonium counteranions were computationally removed from the cavities before the porosity calculations, which may not be possible to perform experimentally.

1.3. Identification and cost of organic linkers

To normalise the nomenclature of the organic components of these MOFs and provide a unique identifier, 1,868 of the chemical's names were converted into their corresponding SMILES strings by using the code OPSIN from the University of Cambridge¹¹ and then converted into canonical SMILES strings with the free software Open Babel¹². The MOFid and MOFKey codes from ref.⁴ were used to identify the organic molecules for which SMILES strings were not available. The public database PubChem¹³ was used to get information for each SMILES string, like molar mass, CAS number, and IUPAC's name for the parental compounds. Before searching this information for a substance, the SMILES string of deprotonated molecules, as they appear in the MOF composition, were protonated. As an example, the deprotonated carboxylate moiety is represented as "C(=O)[O-]", whereas "C(=O)O" indicates the protonated form. The identified organic molecules in the database were unified in 747 compounds by their CAS numbers and classified as linkers or non-linkers. 598 substances were defined as linkers, for whose prices and purities were found in available links to vendors' websites in ChemSpider, starting from CAS numbers or SMILES strings for each substance. For each vendor, the price for the largest packing was collected, and the lowest price-per-gram was selected for each substance and included in the MOF-database. The prices for 510 linkers were found, updated to February 2022.

1.4. Algorithm to Split the Structures' chemical names into their components in MS Excel

1. Starting from ".gcd" files from the CSD, export the information of selected MOFs into ".tab" files, and merge all files in one ".xld" file.
2. In chemical names of structures, remove "catena-", "catena-", "catena(", & "catena[".
3. Use "%" as a column separator. Replace "\$-", "\$", "mu-", "mu!", "!", and "i)" with "%".
4. Replace "-di/tri/tetra/penta/Hexa/hepta/octa/nona/deca/dodecaqua", "-di-/tri-/tetra-/penta-/hexa-/hepta-/octa-/nona-/deca-/dodeca-aqua", "-aqua", "aqua" and "cosa" with "%".
5. Replace all the metal names with "%".
6. Remove spaces in between substances' names: replace "acid" by "_acid", "alcohol" by "_alcohol", "phosph" with "_phosph".
7. Delete spaces before/after "%". Replace "-(%" with "%".
8. Replace "%%" with "%" many times. Also, "--"by "%".
9. Separate the column.
10. Insert the filter in all the new columns.
11. For column i (for i from 1 to N):
 - a. Sort column from A to Z.
 - b. Delete cells not containing names of organic molecules.

- c. Delete solvents.
 - d. Move to column i+1 and repeat.
12. Merge all columns with a "%" between columns.
 13. Delete old columns, convert new column into text.
 14. Sort new column A→Z and replace ")-((", "((", "double space", "%", "%", "%)", "%)", "%]", "(%", "-%" with "%"
 15. Replace "-bis(" with "-bis(" and "-carboxylat" with "-carboxylat".
 16. Replace "-bis%", "-tris%", "-di%", "bis%", "tris%", "di%", "-N,O", "-O,O", "-C,N", "-O:O", "solvate", "unknown", "clathrate" with "%"
 17. Repeat from 8 to 11.
 18. Merge all columns, inserting "\$" between columns.
 19. In the new column (text): Replace all possible combinations between "\$" and "space", "(, ")", "-", "[, "]", and "" with "%".
 20. Replace "\$pentakis", "\$hexakis", "heptakis", and "oktakis" with "%".
 21. Replace "-bis\$", "-di\$", "-tris\$", "-tetrakis\$", "-pentakis\$", "-hexakis\$", "-heptakis\$", "-octakis\$", "-tri\$", "-tetra\$", "-pentadeca\$", "-nonakis\$", "-decakis\$", "-nonadecakis\$", "-dodecakis\$", "-hexa\$", "-N\$", "-penta\$", "-hexa\$", "-hepta\$", "-hepta", "-octa", and "-nona" with "%".
 22. Replace remaining "\$" with "%" and "%%" with "%" many times.
 23. Separate columns. Repeat step 11.
 24. Repeat from Steps 12 to 14, Separate columns and repeat step 11. Repeat Step 18 and repeat step 19.
 25. Repeat steps 22 and 23.
 26. In each column: remove unnecessary brackets. Delete non-separated elements (i.e., solvents, from organics' names. Replace "ato" with "ate", "amino" with "amine", and "amido" with "amide" at the end of organics' names. Replace "ic acid" and "ic_acid" with "ate".

2. User interface for the MOFdb.BAM

A Python-based user interface facilitates the search of structures within this database, using properties of the structures or linkers. Structures can be selected from their crystallographic and porous properties, density, gravimetric or volumetric hydrogen uptake at 77 K and 100 bar, the presence of Open Metal Sites, the nature of the metallic or organic components, and the price-per-gram of the used organics. The organic molecules can be found in the database using their name, CAS number, molar mass, price-per-gram, or functional group. It is also possible to search structures using the linker from a specific MOF. In addition, it is possible to specify the number of organic or metallic components (as one, two, three, or any) or containing non-linker organic molecules. Finally, the interface exports data into .csv files for structures and their used linkers. Figure S1 shows an example of a search of MOF structures consisting of one metal combined with up to two organic molecules, only containing linkers cheaper than 26 €/g while not allowing non-linker organic molecules. The interface shows 315 results in the selected MOFs window, detailing for each structure the CSD reference, the structure's name, its porous and crystalline properties, gravimetric and volumetric total uptakes, and the metallic and organic composition. With the same limitations regarding the cost applied to the organic search parameters, it also displays a list of 261 linkers cheaper than 26 €/g, for which the normalised name, CAS, alternative names, SMILES strings, and molecular weight are displayed. To access more detailed information, like prices and purities from different vendors of the linkers in the database, one may double-click an entry in the table to open a window (see Figure S2). An online version of this tool is available at <https://mofdb-bam.de> with a centralised database, providing the same functionality as the previously described user interface. Up to now, the price of the linkers needs manual updating.

MOF Search Parameters

Amount of Metals: 1 to 1 Amount of Linkers: 1 to 2

Allow MOFs with Non-Linker Organics Keep order when searching for Used Organics

Rel. Price [€/g] 0.00 to 26.00

AND Uptake [vol, g Hz/L] 50.00 to 0.00

[Click to add search parameter](#) [Reset search parameters](#)

Organic Search Parameters

Rel. Price [€/g] 0.00 to 26.00

[Click to add search parameter](#) [Reset search parameters](#)

Selection Results

CAS	Normalized Name
99-32-1	4-oxopyran-2,6-dicarboxylate
99-31-0	5-aminobenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate
99-05-8	3-aminobenzoate
98-97-5	pyrazine-2-carboxylate
964-68-1	4,4'-carbonyldibenzoate
956086-95-6	6-oxo-2-thioxo-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyrimidin-4-olate
95-14-7	benzotriazolate

Selected Organics 261 Results

Use Selection as Organic 1 Show Used Organics

Selected MOFs 315 Results

CSD Reference	Name	ASA [m ² /g]	ASA [m ² /cm ³]	AV_VF	Pore Volume [cm ³ /g]	Density [g/cm ³]	nex c [wt. %]	Uptake [wt. %]	Uptake [g Hz/L]	Metal 1	Metal 2	Metal 3	OMS?
QJWQES		3129.72	2656.63	0.68	0.8	0.85	5.27	6.21	56.16	Cu			1
FEWTUY		3228.1	2130.55		1.15	0.66	5.39	7.21	51.25	Ni			0
ROCZAM		2064.0	2335.01	0.64	0.57	1.13	3.92	4.61	54.7	Cd			1
UMABIV		1566.43	1941.33	0.61	0.49	1.24	3.28	3.88	50.06	Cd			1
AQUCOF		1876.59	1955.75	0.68	0.65	1.04	3.68	4.61	50.33	Cu			1
IKEBIV		1477.73	1916.47	0.62	0.48	1.3	3.17	3.76	50.61	Cu			1
IKEBIV01		1494.65	1923.5	0.62	0.48	1.29	3.19	3.78	50.53	Cu			1

Figure S1. User interface for searching MOF structures in the database for cheap MOFs.

General Information

CAS-Number: 7343-34-2

Normalized Name: 3,5-dimethyl-1,2,4-triazolate

Alternative Names: 3,5-dimethyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl
3,5-dimethyl-1,2,4-triazolate

Molar Mass: 97.12

Linker: 1

SMILES (Cambridge): CC1=NNC(=N1)C

SMILES (Canonical): Cc1[nH]nc(n1)C

Distributors

	Distributor Name	Amount [g]	Price [€]	Rel. Price [€/g]	Min. Purity
1	BLD Pharm	500.0	500.52	1.00104	0.97
2	Chemenu	500.0	503.1	1.0062	0.97
3	ABCR	500.0	828.0	1.656	
4	Synquest Laboratories	25.0	86.0	3.44	
5	Hit2Lead	10.0	220.16	22.016	0.95
6	SigmaAldrich	1.0	265.0	265.0	0.95

Figure S2. Information of organic molecules in the database, provided via the user interface.

3. Structures with one metal and one organic linker

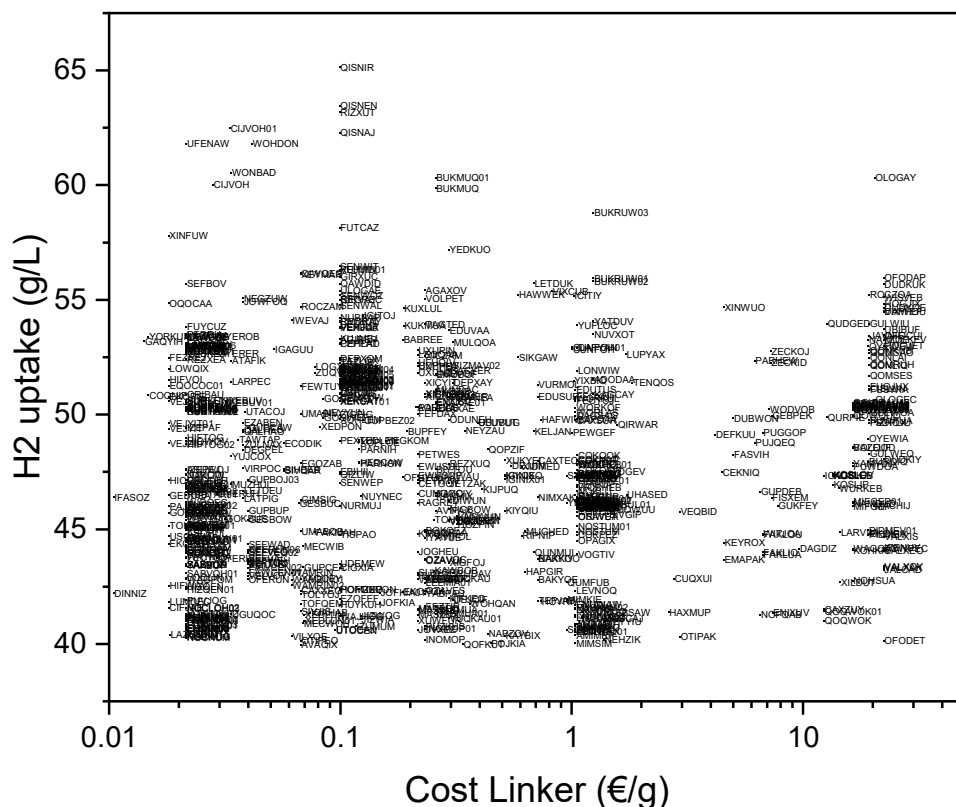


Figure S3. Comparison of hydrogen uptake at $-196\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 100 bar of all the MOF structures from individual linkers. Labels indicate the CSD reference.

Table S1. Number of Linker-metal combinations for MOFs with estimated volumetric uptake higher than 40 g/L. Only linkers with available prices are considered in the table.

Linker CAS	Al	Ca	Cd	Cr	Cu	Fe	Li	Mg	Mn	Na	Ni	Sr	Ti	V	Zn	Zr	Total	Price (€/g)
100-21-0	9	3	5	10	1	5		2	18		1	5		19	32	15	125	0.0215
554-95-0			11	2	25	4	1	3	2		3				24		75	0.0989
610-92-4		2	1		7	19		9	6		6	1			9		60	1.0509
1141-38-4	1					1		5	6						14		27	1.0354
50446-44-1		1	2		13				1		1				5		23	16.3744
4282-31-9		4			2			3	2			4			1	5	21	0.2313
365549-33-3	1		3		3	2		2	2		2				5		20	22.2912
553-26-4		1			13	1					2				2		19	0.2150
14389-12-9			7		11												18	19.2640
787-70-2			1	2		2		2	4					1	4	1	17	0.2941
693-98-1			3												13		16	0.0396
499-81-0		1			7			4	1						2		15	0.2571
1453-82-3			7		2				2	1	2						14	0.0671
288-32-4			1												10		11	0.0181

Table S2. Reported structures with 1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid (CAS No. 100-21-0) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L (for duplicated structures, it is shown the entries with the lowest volumetric area).

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
UFENAW		3088.4	4090.6	0.98	Zn	Yes	7.6	61.8
SEFBOV		2480.5	2419.2	0.65	Zn	Yes	5.2	55.8
TAGVAB	CPM-201	2474.9	3328.7	0.91	Mg	Yes	6.6	53.0
KUXREC	MIL-88B	2297.7	3188.0	1.02	Fe	Yes	6.8	52.7
REZXEA		2266.2	3530.9	1.18	Cr	Yes	7.6	52.5
NEXVET		2220.5	3880.0	1.41	Ni	No	8.5	53.0
VUSKEA		2192.8	3687.5	1.35	Zn	No	8.1	52.6
ORIBAU		2192.6	2312.4	0.68	Zn	No	5.1	50.8
FUYCUZ	lambda-CMOF-5	2184.5	2362.9	0.81	Zn	Yes	5.5	53.9
MIBQAR	MOF-5	2174.2	3686.8	1.38	Zn	No	8.2	52.7
PICTIG		2131.7	2227.9	0.68	Zn	Yes	5.0	50.5
IZEPAF		1958.1	3431.3	1.37	Cr	Yes	8.0	49.4
HIFTOG02		1890.0	1632.2	0.53	Zn	No	4.0	48.8
JUMCOL		1824.1	1846.2	0.65	V	No	4.6	47.3
IZEPEJ		1808.9	3316.5	1.43	Cr	Yes	8.0	47.6
QALGUH		1796.0	1798.0	0.64	Cr	No	4.5	47.0
SETQUF		1737.4	1743.3	0.62	Fe	No	4.4	45.9
NAKLIW		1720.4	1484.3	0.54	Zn	Yes	3.9	47.2
NOCLUN		1685.1	1568.4	0.57	Sr	Yes	4.1	45.9
SUCLOT	NICS-8	1657.7	1841.3	0.68	Ca	Yes	4.7	44.1
RUBTAK03	UiO-66	1637.3	1322.7	0.49	Zr	No	3.6	46.5
PEPLIG		1614.9	1539.4	0.59	V	No	4.1	45.0
SABVUN	MIL-53 (AI)	1612.7	1647.3	0.60	Al	No	4.3	43.5
IDIWIB		1606.7	1534.3	0.58	V	No	4.1	44.8
MINVOU	MIL-53as	1583.3	1505.6	0.58	Cr	No	4.1	44.7
LAGWEX		1565.2	1134.6	0.43	Cd	Yes	3.3	46.7
FIJCUX		1565.0	1238.8	0.47	Zn	Yes	3.5	45.8
GAJVEU		1487.8	1400.5	0.54	Zn	No	3.8	42.4
YAXBOP		1474.8	1305.2	0.52	Fe	No	3.7	43.5
OCUNAC	MIL-101	1422.7	3327.9	1.96	Cr	Yes	9.4	44.4
OSAVEK		1397.5	1409.5	0.57	Ca	Yes	3.9	40.7
HIZQUD		1378.7	921.9	0.38	Cd	Yes	2.9	45.0
NOCKOG		1347.5	1288.3	0.53	Mg	Yes	3.7	40.3
PUVJOG	MIL-47(V)	1343.7	1152.3	0.49	V	No	3.5	41.8
NOCKUM		1338.2	1246.9	0.51	Ca	Yes	3.6	40.4
LUSHOX		1298.7	1088.1	0.45	Mn	Yes	3.3	40.7
PEPLOM		1296.3	1079.4	0.46	V	No	3.3	41.3
WAGPOM		1292.2	904.5	0.38	Cd	Yes	2.9	43.0
FECYOD		1251.4	876.1	0.41	Zn	Yes	3.0	43.8
FIJDIM10		1249.9	1010.9	0.43	Mn	Yes	3.2	40.3
NOCLOH		1235.2	939.7	0.41	Sr	Yes	3.0	40.9
HIZQEN		1156.1	769.8	0.37	Cd	Yes	2.7	42.4

Table S3. Reported structures with 1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylic acid (CAS No. 554-95-0) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
RIZXUT		3031.8	3285.0	0.81	Zn	Yes	6.4	63.1
QISNAJ		2863.5	2702.6	0.69	Cd	Yes	5.6	62.3
FUTCAZ		2795.2	3418.5	0.87	Mn	Yes	6.6	58.1
PEXFAA		2527.7	3496.9	0.96	Mg	Yes	6.9	53.9
SENWIT		2511.4	3206.2	0.98	Zn	Yes	6.7	56.4
GIRXUC	BIT-101	2451.0	3189.4	1.01	Zn	Yes	6.8	56.1
KUJMIN	JUC-133	2422.8	2186.9	0.63	Cd	Yes	4.8	56.3
REGREC		2411.0	2679.9	0.80	Zn	Yes	5.8	55.0
SENWAL		2340.3	3197.8	1.07	Zn	Yes	7.0	54.7
REGRAY		2318.3	2504.1	0.77	Zn	Yes	5.5	54.1
VEHJOJ	BIT-103	2267.6	3030.2	1.03	Zn	Yes	6.7	53.8
DEPXOM		2256.8	2090.0	0.56	Mn	Yes	4.6	52.5
FIWKUT	FJI-3	2252.0	1976.2	0.59	Zn	Yes	4.5	54.2
AGIREP		2250.0	2253.7	0.69	Zn	Yes	5.1	53.3
XEKCAT01		2244.7	2411.9	0.66	Mg	Yes	5.2	50.5
CEHLAD		2217.9	2598.3	0.86	Zn	Yes	5.9	53.1
ULOGAE		2211.8	1634.4	0.46	Cd	Yes	3.9	55.5
ZUGDEM	ZnBTCA-T	2198.4	2576.1	0.82	Zn	Yes	5.7	51.8
NINVAI		2181.1	2665.6	0.86	Fe	Yes	5.9	51.4
DUPVER		2168.1	2723.9	0.92	Zn	Yes	6.1	52.1
GACVIS		2097.7	1881.8	0.56	Ni	Yes	4.4	51.0
KUJMEJ		2066.3	1541.9	0.47	Cd	Yes	3.8	53.3
ACIBOE	MOF-CJ3	2063.0	1873.9	0.60	Zn	Yes	4.4	51.3
RIFDUG01		2060.9	2375.6	0.83	Zn	Yes	5.6	51.2
ZIGFIG		2057.4	2374.7	0.79	Cr	Yes	5.5	50.1
TAZLIR		2055.1	2118.7	0.75	Cd		5.1	52.3
DIHVIB	HKUST-1a	2036.2	2305.8	0.81	Cu	Yes	5.5	51.0
VEHJID		1993.0	1774.8	0.59	Zn	Yes	4.3	50.9
CEHKUW		1911.9	1517.4	0.51	Cd		3.9	50.7
EBIHII		1870.7	1653.0	0.52	Fe	Yes	4.0	47.5
XOHLEM		1839.6	1373.8	0.45	Zn	Yes	3.6	49.7
PEXTUI		1690.9	1193.4	0.43	Cd	Yes	3.3	48.8
POFGUO		1597.9	1711.3	0.61	Li	No	4.3	42.3
SENWEP		1558.3	1257.2	0.52	Zn	Yes	3.7	47.0
QIZLIW		1546.0	1016.5	0.37	Cu	Yes	3.0	47.5
NURMUJ		1518.9	1265.0	0.53	Zn	Yes	3.7	45.9
TISPAO		1481.2	1457.5	0.65	Cu	No	4.2	44.8
EZOFEF		1340.9	1308.3	0.60	Ni	No	3.9	42.0
UDEMEW	MIL-100(Cr)	1337.4	1963.3	1.12	Cr	Yes	6.0	43.4
CIGXIA	MIL-100(Fe)	1325.7	1937.0	1.11	Fe	Yes	6.0	43.4

Table S4. Reported structures with 2,5-Dihydroxybenzene-1,4-dicarboxylic acid (CAS No. 610-92-4) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
YUFLOC		2401.7	2439.3	0.66	Sr	Yes	5.2	53.9
DAFYAN	CPM-230	2334.0	3209.0	1.00	Mg	Yes	6.8	52.8
LONWIW		2332.3	2801.2	0.80	Mg	Yes	5.9	51.8
BAPDAA	Cd-DOTP	1564.7	1132.7	0.50	Cd	Yes	3.5	49.8
YUHHIU		1884.1	2304.6	0.82	Ca	Yes	5.5	47.4
COKQAW	Cu-DOTP	1523.6	1164.8	0.50	Cu	Yes	3.5	47.4
WIZDEP	Zn-DOTP	1549.5	1201.0	0.50	Zn	Yes	3.5	47.3
LEJRIC	Ni-DOTP	1547.8	1299.7	0.53	Ni	Yes	3.7	46.3
VAGTAA01		1775.3	1776.0	0.61	Mg	Yes	4.4	46.0
COKQIE	Fe-DOTP	1536.1	1362.0	0.57	Fe	Yes	3.9	45.9
ORIWET	Mn-DOTP	1549.3	1420.1	0.59	Mn	Yes	4.0	45.7
OSAVUA		1778.3	2011.0	0.71	Ca	Yes	4.9	45.7
NOSTUM		1717.6	1789.3	0.63	Mg	Yes	4.5	45.0
VOGTIV	Mg-DOTP	1549.2	1693.4	0.70	Mg	Yes	4.6	43.9

Table S5. Reported structures with 2,6-Naphthalenedicarboxylic acid (CAS No. 1141-38-4) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
EDUTUS		1967.9	3391.4	1.43	Zn	No	8.1	51.0
FECYUJ		2090.2	2257.6	0.73	Zn	Yes	5.2	50.7
FECXUI		2051.7	2218.5	0.75	Zn	Yes	5.2	50.6
WORLAS	INT-IRMOF-8-B	2042.0	2141.7	0.70	Zn	Yes	5.0	50.1
CAGSAG	UTSA-38	2031.6	2112.5	0.69	Zn	Yes	4.9	49.9
CAXSUR	CAU-3-NDC	2108.9	3408.6	1.18	Al	No	7.4	49.8
QAQRUW		2010.6	2360.3	0.73	Mg	Yes	5.3	47.4
TAGTUT	CPM-205	1964.9	2552.4	0.85	Mg	Yes	5.8	47.3
IDIXAU		1677.4	1736.7	0.69	Zn	No	4.6	46.5
CIFDUS		1846.8	1880.4	0.61	Mn	Yes	4.5	46.3
EYUWAW		1441.9	1406.8	0.56	Mn	Yes	3.9	41.8
VUQKAU02		1471.9	1424.8	0.54	Mn	Yes	3.9	41.6
ISUCUV		1382.6	1294.6	0.53	Fe	Yes	3.7	41.3
LIXWAR01		1360.5	1267.8	0.53	Mn	Yes	3.7	41.0
PEQWAK		1335.7	1259.8	0.53	Mn	Yes	3.7	40.7
LEVNOQ01		1366.7	1401.6	0.59	Mg	Yes	4.0	40.4
MIMSIM		1232.3	1210.6	0.58	Zn	Yes	3.8	40.2

Table S6. Reported structures with 4,4'-Bipyridine (CAS No. 553-26-4) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
UXUPIN		2447.1	3652.8	1.05	Cu	Yes	7.3	52.9
UFUQIV		2389.8	3536.8	1.04	Cu	Yes	7.2	52.2
CUPHUS		2377.9	3492.1	1.03	Cu	Yes	7.1	52.1
UXUNUX		2356.3	3472.7	1.03	Cu	Yes	7.1	51.8
PETWES		1853.3	2036.5	0.75	Cu	Yes	5.0	48.3
PETWIW		1743.3	1861.0	0.72	Cu	Yes	4.8	47.1
CUMQOQ		1831.4	1874.2	0.63	Zn	Yes	4.5	46.5
RAGREY		1843.9	2533.1	0.92	Cu	Yes	6.0	46.1
JOGHEU		1656.3	1588.9	0.55	Ni	Yes	4.0	43.9
JOVXEZ		1278.3	1121.4	0.49	Cu	Yes	3.4	40.6

Table S7. Reported structures with 3,3',5,5'-Azobenzene tetracarboxylic acid (CAS No. 365549-33-3) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
OFODAP	JUC-63	2495.1	2966.4	0.88	Cd	Yes	6.2	56.0
DUDKUK		2430.7	2880.0	0.89	Cd	Yes	6.2	55.7
DUDKOE		2417.1	3099.7	0.95	Zn	Yes	6.5	54.6
DAPHOU	FJI-8	2401.5	3056.8	0.94	Zn	Yes	6.5	54.4
UBIBUF	FJI-9	2339.3	3087.6	0.98	Zn	Yes	6.6	53.8
OFOCUI	JUC-62	2336.1	2959.8	0.92	Cu	Yes	6.3	53.4
DUDKIY		1868.5	1918.2	0.67	Zn	Yes	4.7	48.0
VALXIS	CPM-200-In/Ni	1485.3	1671.7	0.78	Ni	Yes	4.8	44.6
IZENUY		1488.6	1640.1	0.74	Fe	Yes	4.7	44.3
TOWPEC	PCN-250'	1486.6	1671.8	0.76	Fe	Yes	4.7	44.2
VALXEO	CPM-200-In/Mn	1503.0	1802.5	0.82	Mn	Yes	5.0	44.0
VALXAK	CPM-200-In/Mg	1487.9	2003.9	0.93	Mg	Yes	5.5	43.3
VALXOY	CPM-200-V/Mg	1484.6	1910.5	0.88	Mg	Yes	5.3	43.3
JALCAD		1476.7	1756.7	0.79	Al	Yes	4.9	43.2

Table S8. Reported structures with Thiophene-2,5-dicarboxylic acid (CAS No. 4282-31-9) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
AGAXOV	MOF-107	2457.0	2760.7	0.81	Cu		5.9	55.4
VOLPET		2463.5	3320.2	1.01	Zn	Yes	6.9	55.1
TAGTED	CPM-202	2476.1	3077.3	0.86	Mg	Yes	6.3	53.9
XICYIT	DUT-69(Zr)	1949.8	1463.4	0.46	Zr	Yes	3.7	51.4
XICNOO01	DUT-67	1908.3	2099.7	0.82	Zr	Yes	5.3	50.8
BOKQEZ		1554.5	1169.1	0.41	Mn	Yes	3.3	44.9
MAQRAA		1541.7	1278.8	0.49	Cu	Yes	3.6	44.8
OZAVUI		1365.5	1096.6	0.48	Sr	Yes	3.4	43.5
OZAVOC		1406.8	1039.7	0.41	Sr	Yes	3.1	43.5
LELMIA01		1284.4	869.0	0.35	Sr	Yes	2.8	42.6
YABPAU		1501.9	1403.0	0.52	Mg	Yes	3.8	42.3
FEZTIP		1381.8	1243.9	0.51	Ca	Yes	3.6	41.5
PUZKUS		1329.3	1165.5	0.48	Mg	Yes	3.5	40.9
INOMOP		1287.2	1165.1	0.50	Ca	Yes	3.5	40.2

Table S9. Reported structures with Pyridine-4-carboxamide (CAS No. 1453-82-3) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
QIWQES		2656.6	3129.7	0.79	Cu	Yes	6.2	56.1
ROCZAM		2335.0	2064.0	0.57	Cd	Yes	4.6	54.7
FEWTUY		2130.5	3228.1	1.15	Ni		7.2	51.3
UMABIV		1941.3	1566.4	0.49	Cd	Yes	3.9	50.1
EGOZAB		1885.3	1815.7	0.60	Cu	Yes	4.4	47.9
TOLYOJ		1594.4	1754.9	0.63	Na	Yes	4.4	42.3
YAQCEY		1547.9	1417.8	0.51	Mn	Yes	3.8	42.8
GIMSIG		1502.6	1037.4	0.40	Cd	Yes	3.1	46.3
CAXXEG		1423.0	1173.0	0.45	Ni	No	3.4	42.2
TOFQEM		1271.4	1013.0	0.45	Cd	Yes	3.2	41.8
SIVJIS		1236.9	890.8	0.38	Cd	No	2.9	41.4
AVAQIX		1099.3	841.1	0.42	Cd	Yes	3.0	40.1
QIWQES		2656.6	3129.7	0.79	Cu	Yes	6.2	56.1
ROCZAM		2335.0	2064.0	0.57	Cd	Yes	4.6	54.7

Table S10. Reported structures with 5-(4-pyridyl)tetrazol (CAS No. 14389-12-9) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
FUQJUX		2116.0	2945.9	1.04	Cu	Yes	6.7	51.3
ROCZOA		2491.0	2599.3	0.71	Cd	Yes	5.5	55.2
JAVNIE		2385.4	2538.9	0.71	Cu	Yes	5.4	53.5
GULWIU		2242.5	2440.2	0.80	Cd	Yes	5.6	54.0
GULWEQ		1758.8	2394.3	1.04	Cd	Yes	6.2	48.3
CISLUN		2174.1	2257.4	0.68	Cu	Yes	5.0	51.1
FUSWIA		2196.2	2231.6	0.65	Cu	Yes	4.9	51.1
PIZHOX		2065.3	2149.4	0.67	Cu	Yes	4.9	49.7
FUWFIO		2013.0	1883.7	0.61	Cd	Yes	4.5	50.4
FUWFUA		1980.6	1869.8	0.61	Cd	Yes	4.5	49.8
GULWOA		1846.3	1446.0	0.50	Cd	Yes	3.8	50.1
EKOKIA		1452.7	1034.8	0.40	Cd	Yes	3.1	44.8

Table S11. Reported structures with 1,3,5-tris(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzene (CAS No. 50446-44-1) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
VOLRAQ01	MOF-177	1860.7	3314.7	1.50	Zn	Yes	8.2	50.2
QOWQUO	MOF-14	2111.4	2929.8	0.98	Cu	Yes	6.5	50.0
BAZFUF		1825.4	5368.0	2.54	Cu	Yes	12.5	48.6
YAMYUJ		1812.5	2048.3	0.78	Zn	Yes	5.1	48.0
PUWDOA		1898.4	2469.7	0.90	Zn	Yes	5.8	47.7
NAMDUD		1799.3	2332.5	0.87	Mn	Yes	5.7	46.2
MIFGEP		1811.7	1774.9	0.58	Cd	Yes	4.3	46.0
WAGQAY		1362.1	3477.6	2.19	Ni	Yes	10.1	44.2
NOHSUA		1620.2	1857.7	0.68	Ca	Yes	4.7	42.7
LAFFEG02		1457.2	1429.7	0.58	Zn	Yes	4.0	42.5

Table S12. Reported structures with 4,4'-biphenyldicarboxylic (CAS No. 787-70-2) acid and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
YEDKUO	MIL-88D	2774.1	3352.4	0.79	Cr	Yes	6.5	57.1
EDUVAA	IRMOF-9	2384.4	3452.1	1.08	Zn	No	7.2	53.7
WIZMAV02	UiO-67	2254.9	3075.6	0.99	Zr	No	6.6	52.1
GACYER		2161.9	2873.2	0.99	Zn	Yes	6.5	52.0
MIBMER	MIL-126	2198.5	3079.9	0.99	Fe	Yes	6.6	50.8
TOWNEA	PCN-245	2198.9	3059.0	0.98	Fe	Yes	6.6	50.7
ODUNEH		2093.6	2169.7	0.66	Zn	Yes	4.9	49.7
REZXUQ		1754.1	4846.4	2.37	Cr	Yes	11.7	47.9
JETZAK		1979.8	2633.4	0.86	Mg	Yes	5.9	47.1
IDIWUN		1685.2	1926.5	0.78	Zn	No	5.0	46.3
NIGBOW		1743.5	2622.3	1.07	V	No	6.4	45.8
VUQJUN		1728.0	2185.7	0.84	Mn	Yes	5.4	45.4
XIGFOJ		1357.8	1962.0	1.09	Cd	Yes	5.9	43.5
KIFKEQ		1534.3	1643.9	0.62	Mg	Yes	4.3	42.0
VUQKAU01		1425.2	1362.2	0.53	Mn	Yes	3.8	41.3

Table S13. Reported structures with Pyridine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid (CAS No. 499-81-0) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
BUKMUQ		2895.4	3400.7	0.83	Zn	Yes	6.6	59.9
EMUBOF		1975.9	1648.4	0.56	Cu	Yes	4.1	51.8
EXAXAE	JLU-Liu15	1690.8	1238.3	0.49	Cu	Yes	3.6	50.5
BIYTOU		1875.0	1836.4	0.61	Mn	Yes	4.5	47.6
KAYCIY		1893.9	1938.3	0.61	Ca	Yes	4.5	46.6
KANMIX		1654.6	1527.4	0.59	Cu	Yes	4.1	46.5
AVIPAX		1855.7	1925.3	0.61	Mg	Yes	4.5	45.8
AVIPOL		1727.4	1839.4	0.64	Mg	Yes	4.6	44.8
UREVIY		1154.5	728.7	0.32	Pr	Yes	2.6	42.1
NABMUA01	Mg-MOF-1	1424.1	1269.1	0.48	Mg	Yes	3.5	41.3

Table S14. Reported structures with 2-Methylimidazol (CAS No. 693-98-1) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
GUPCAW		1868.8	2293.8	0.91	Cd	No	5.7	49.5
GUPBOJ03	SALEM-1	1676.1	2078.1	0.91	Cd	No	5.5	47.1
GUPBUP		1552.9	1688.5	0.76	Cd	No	4.7	45.8
VELVOY	ZIF-8	1469.3	1548.2	0.66	Zn	No	4.3	42.9
ESIFET		1454.3	1020.3	0.41	Cd	No	3.1	45.8

Table S15. Reported structures with imidazole (CAS No. 288-32-4) and higher estimated hydrogen uptake than 40 g/L.

CSD ref.Code	Name	VSA/ m ² m ⁻³	SSA/ m ² g ⁻¹	Vp/cm ³ g ⁻¹	Me	OMS	wt.H ₂ %	gH ₂ L ⁻¹
HIFVOI		2140.9	2506.0	0.83	Zn	No	5.7	51.5
EQOCOC01	ZIF-6	2097.2	2177.3	0.71	Zn	No	5.1	51.3
VEJYOZ	ZIF-3	2096.1	2381.9	0.78	Zn	No	5.4	50.6
VEJYIT	ZIF-2	1988.1	2140.1	0.72	Zn	No	5.1	49.4
VEJZIU	ZIF-10	1880.3	2229.3	0.84	Zn	No	5.5	48.7
HICGEG		1756.8	1659.5	0.60	Zn	No	4.3	47.1
PAJSAX		1673.2	1974.2	0.81	Zn	No	5.2	46.1
GOQSIQ		1638.2	1629.6	0.64	Zn	No	4.3	45.7
HIFWAV		1359.0	1190.2	0.52	Zn	No	3.6	42.5

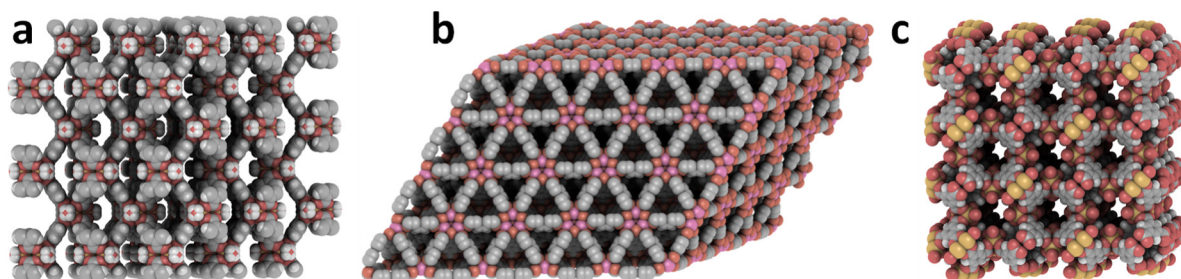


Figure S4. a: MIL-88B (Fe-BDC, CSD code KUXREC). b: UIO-66 or Zr-BDC (RUBTAK). c: Fe₆-BTC₃ (NINVAI) Created with iRASPA.¹⁴

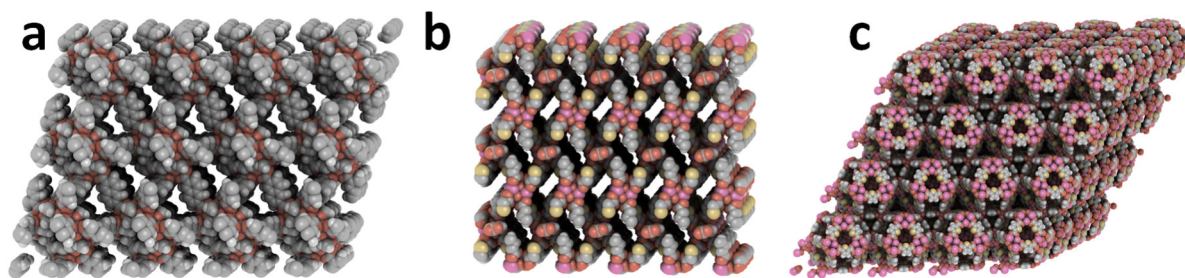


Figure S5. a: CAU-3-NDC or Al₂-NDC (CAXSUR). b: DUT-69 or Zr₆-TDC₅ (XICYIT). c: DUT-67 or Zr₃-TDC₂ (XICNOO). Created with iRASPA.¹⁴

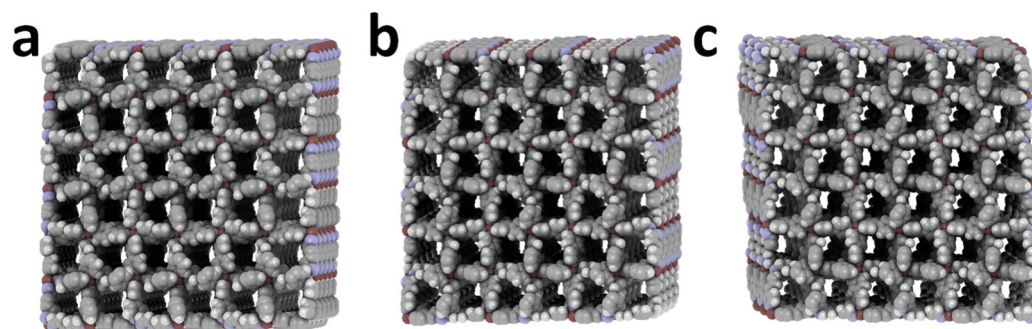


Figure S6. Structures Cu-4,4'bpPy₂. UXUPIN (a), UFUQIV (b), and UXUNUX (c). Created with iRASPA.¹⁴

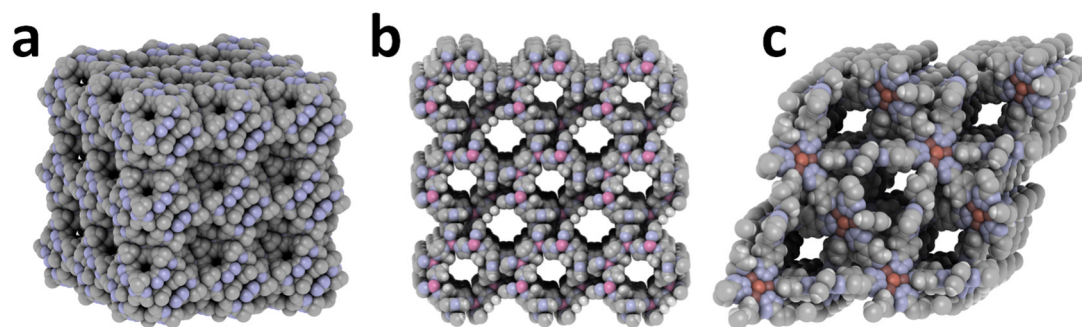


Figure S7. a: ZIF-8 or Zn-Melm2 (CSD code OFERUNZ). b: Cd-Melm2 (GUPCAW). c: Cu-PTz (FUQJUX). Created with iRASPA.¹⁴

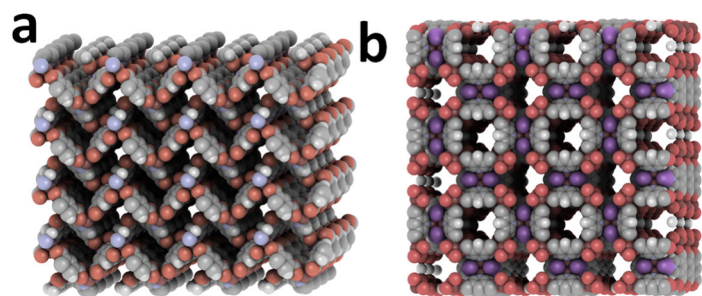


Figure S8. a: Zn-3,5PyDC (CSD code BUKMUQ). b: JLU-Liu15 or Cu₂-PyDC (EXAXAE). Created with iRASPA.¹⁴

4. Mixed-linkers MOFs

Table S16. MOFs with mixed linkers from O-donor linkers.

Linker 1	Linker 2	Al	Cd	Cr Zn	Fe	Ni	Zn	Zr
1,4-benzenedicarboxylate	Formate						50.4	
	4,4'-biphenyldicarboxylate						50.1	
1,3,5-benzenetricarboxylate	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylate		50.9					
	Butane-1,4-diol					41.5		
Thiophene-2,5-dicarboxylate	Thiophene-2-carboxylate							47.9
	4,4',4"-nitriлотрибензоате						51.0	
4,4'-biphenyldicarboxylate	(2R)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetate						44.9	
	1,3,5-tris(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzene				52.7			
2-Nitrobenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylate						49.6	
2-aminobenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate	1,3,5-tris(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzene						47.9	
2,6-naphtalenedicarboxylate	(2R)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetate						49.9	
2-hydroxybenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate	1,3,5-tris(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzene						48.4	
1,3,5-tris(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzene	Ethane-1,2-diolate	49.1						
	Formate	49.5						
	pyridine-4-carboxamide			50.7				

Table S17. Mixed linkers MOFs from N-donor linkers.

Linker 1	Linker 2	Cu	Zn
Imidazole	2-Methylimidazole		48.3
	6-methyl-1H-benzimidazole		40.7
2-ethylimidazole	5-Methyltetrazole		42.9
Benzimidazole	2-Nitroimidazoleate		40.6
2-methyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole	5-Methyltetrazole		42.1
1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethane	2,2'-Bipyridyl	40.4	
2-nitroimidazoleate	6-nitro-1H-benzimidazole		41.0
	6-methyl-1H-benzimidazole		40.2
	6-bromo-1H-benzimidazole		41.8
	Imidazole		48.0

Table S18. MOFs from mixed carboxylates and azolates linkers.

Linker 1	Linker 2	Cd		Cu	Fe		Mg	Mn	Zn	
		Ca	Cd		Cu	Cu			Cu	Zn
1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylate	2H-tetrazol-5-amine									40.7
1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylate	1,2,4-triazolyl									42.5
	2-imidazoleidone		46.1							
	1,4-bis(imidazole-1-ylmethyl)benzene		53.7							
1,4-Benzenedicarboxylate	1,2,4-triazolyl					44.4				44.5
	2-imidazoleidone	44.0	42.5							
	1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-amine		47.0							
	1,2,3-triazole									50.7
	5-Methyltetrazole		45.1							
	5-(4-pyridyl)tetrazol		44.1							
benzene-1,3-dicarboxylate	3,5-dimethyl-1,2,4-triazolate			50.4						47.5
2,5-Dihydroxybenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate	1,2,4-triazolyl				48.0					
2,6-Naphtalenedicarboxylate	1,3,4-Oxadiazole									47.2
	5-Methyltetrazole									40.4
2-aminobenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate	1,2,4-triazolyl									43.3
3,3',5,5'-Azobenzenetetracarboxylate	4,4'-sulfonyldibenzoate						47.3			
4,4'-biphenyldicarboxylate	1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-amine		50.0							
	4-(3,5-Dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine									46.4
4,4'-ethene-1,2-diylidibenzoate	1,2,4-triazolyl		48.6							50.8
4,4'-methanediybis(3-hydroxynaphthalene-2-carboxylate)	3,5-diamino-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl									48.7
	1,4-bis(imidazole-1-ylmethyl)benzene		42.0							
5-Hydroxybenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate	2-imidazoleidone		46.5							
Benzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylate	1,2,4-triazolyl									47.2
Formate	1,2,3-triazole								48.9	
Thiophene-2,5-dicarboxylate	1,2,4-triazolyl									44.1
	1,2,3-triazole									50.4

Table S19. MOFs from mixed carboxylated and bipyridine linkers.

Linker 1	Linker 2	Mo		Na		Cu	Fe	Mn	Ni	Zn
		Zn	Cd	Cr	Cr					
2,2'-dipyridylamine	Benzene-1,2-dicarboxylate		41.3							
2,2'-bipyridyl	1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylate	55.1								
	Oxalate			52.7						
	1,3,5-tris(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzene									48.2
4,4'-bipyridine	Malate								48.7	
	Ethylenediaminetetraacetate				43.6					
	Formate					42.1			43.9	
	Pyridine-4-carboxamide		40.2							
	5-aminobenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate				51.4					
	1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylate							43.0		43.5
	4,4'-Oxydibenzoate						41.4			
	5-Hydroxybenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate				49.3					46.2
	5-sulfobenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate									46.8
	3,3',3''-(2,4,6-trioxo-1,3,5-triazinane-1,3,5-triyl)tripropanoate				47.9					
	4,4'-biphenyldicarboxylate				50.0					40.3
	1,2,2-trimethylcyclopentane-1,3-dicarboxylate				41.5					
	3,4-Pyridinedicarboxylate		51.9							
	Imidazole-4,5-dicarboxylate		41.4							
	4,4'-ethene-1,2-diylidibenzoate									41.3
	2-aminobenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate		47.7							
	2,6-Naphtalenedicarboxylate									42.6
	2,5-Dihydroxybenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate									50.2
	4,4'-carbonyldibenzoate				46.2					
	Benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylate				41.6					
1,3,5-tris(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzene		43.8		49.2					49.0	
9-oxofluorene-2,7-dicarboxylate									45.6	
2,2'-Bipyridine-5,5'-dicarboxylate										
	Formate									52.5

Table S20. MOFs from mixed carboxylates linkers and other pyridin- or pyrazin- derivatives.

Linker 1	Linker 2	Cd	Cu	Fe	Ni	Zn	
						Cr	Zn
Benzene-1,3-dicarboxylate	Pyridine-4-carboxamide				40.2		
	1,3-bis(4-Pyridyl)propane		41.2				
1,4-benzenedicarboxylate	Pyridine-3-carboxylate			45.1	45.1		
	Pyridine-4-carbonitrile			45.0			
	Pyridine-4-carboxamide					51.0	
	1,3-bis(4-Pyridyl)propane	42.1					48.5
	Pyrazine				44.1		
	4-(4-pyridyl)benzoate						47.4
1,3,5-benzenetricarboxylate	Pyridine-4-carboxamide					52.3	
	Pyrazine				44.9		
4,4'-oxydibenzoate	1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethane						55.7
5-Hydroxybenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate	Pyrazine		51.2				
5-sulfobenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate	Pyrazine		55.0				
3,4-pyridinedicarboxylate	Hexamethylenetetraamino	45.0					49.7
4,4'-biphenyldicarboxylate	1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethane			47.9			
Furan-2,5-dicarboxylate	1,3-bis(4-Pyridyl)propane						40.8
2,6-naphtalenedicarboxylate	1,3-bis(4-Pyridyl)propane	46.9					
	1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethane						48.8
	4-(4-pyridyl)benzoate				50.5		
5-tert-butylbenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate	1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethane						52.6
2-hydroxybenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate	Pyrazine	46.2					
2,6-dimethylpyridine-3,5-dicarboxylate	Pyridine-4-carboxamide				48.1		
Benzene-1,2,3,4,5-pentacarboxylate	1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethane	45.0					
1,3,5-tris(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzene	Pyridine-4-carboxamide					50.6	

Table S21. MOFs from mixed carboxylates linkers and other N-binding linkers.

Linker 1	Linker 2	Cd	Cu		Fe	Ni	Zn
			Zn	Cu			
7H-purin-6-amine	pyridine-4-carboxamide	48.8					40.1
1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	benzene-1,3-dicarboxylate						51.9
	1,4-Benzenedicarboxylate		52.5	52.5	51.8	50.3	49.7
	4,4'-biphenyldicarboxylate						50.6
	5-methylbenzene-1,3-dicarboxylate						49.2
	2,6-Naphtalenedicarboxylate				46.0		
	2,5-Dichloro-1,4-benzenedicarboxylate						47.1
	4,4'-carbonyldibenzoate						51.1
	4,4'-(1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexafluoropropane-2,2-diyl)dibenzoate						50.8
	2-hydroxybenzene-1,4-dicarboxylate						48.5
hexamethylenetetraamino	Thiophene-2,5-dicarboxylate			43.0			
	3,4-Pyridinedicarboxylate			45.0			

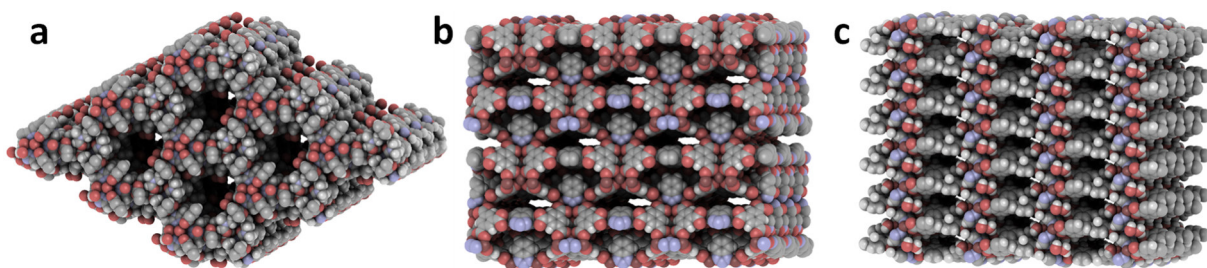


Figure S9. a: MAC-8 or $\text{Cu}_9\text{-IA}_5\text{-3,5dMeTz}_6$ (CSD code RUFZOJ). b: $\text{Zn}_9\text{-BTC}_6\text{-BTrz}_3$ (ZARLOV). c: MAC-14 or $\text{Zn}_2\text{-EDB-1,2,4TrAz}_2$ (CUQRUD). Created with iRASPA.¹⁴

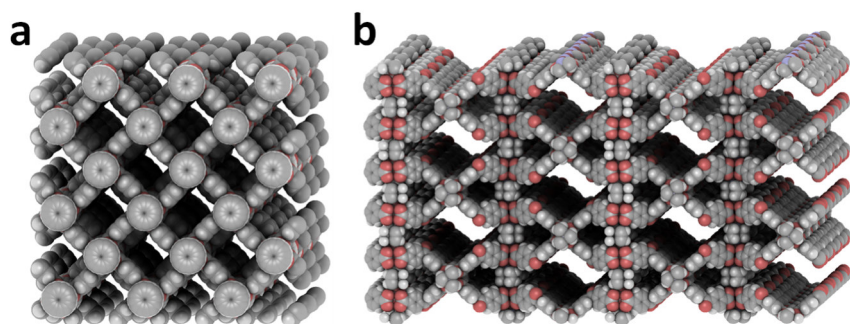


Figure S10. a: $\text{Zn}_2\text{-BDC}_2\text{-DABCO}$ (CSD code WARFAY01). b: $\text{Zn}_2\text{-4,4'COdB}_2\text{-DABCO}$ (HOHMIB). Created with iRASPA.¹⁴

5. abbreviations

Abbreviation	Name of the substance	CAS
1,2,3TrAz	1,2,3-triazole	288-36-8
1,2,4TrAz	1,2,4-triazole	288-88-0
2,2'bPy	2,2'-bipyridine	366-18-7
3,5dMeTz	3,5-dimethyl-1,2,4-triazole	7343-34-2
4,4'bPy	4,4'-bipyridine	553-26-4
BTrz	Benzotriazole	95-14-7
DABCO	1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane	280-57-9
H ₂ 3,4PyDC	Pyridine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid	490-11-9
H ₂ 3,5PyDC	Pyridine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid	499-81-0
H ₂ 4,4'COdB	4,4'-carbonyldibenzoic acid	964-68-1
H ₂ 5OIA	5-hydroxybenzene-1,3-dicarboxylic acid	618-83-7
H ₂ BDC	1,4-benzenedicarboxylic or terephthalic acid	100-21-0
H ₂ bPDC	4,4'-biphenyldicarboxylic acid	787-70-2
H ₂ DOTP	2,5-dihydroxybenzene-1,4-dicarboxylic acid	610-92-4
H ₂ EDB	4,4'-ethene-1,2-diylidibenzoic acid	100-31-2
H ₂ F ₆ PdB	4,4'-(1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane-2,2-diyl)dibenzoic acid	1171-47-7
H ₂ IA	Benzene-1,3-dicarboxylic or isophthalic acid	121-91-5
H ₂ NBDC	2-aminobenzene-1,4-dicarboxylic acid	10312-55-7
H ₂ NDC	2,6-naphthalenedicarboxylic acid	1141-38-4
H ₂ NIA	5-aminobenzene-1,3-dicarboxylic acid	99-31-0
H ₂ ODBZ	4,4'-oxydibenzoic acid	2215-89-6
H ₂ tBuIA	5-tert-butylbenzene-1,3-dicarboxylic acid	2359-09-3
H ₂ TDC	Thiophene-2,5-dicarboxylic acid	4282-31-9
H ₃ BTB	1,3,5-tris(4-carboxyphenyl)benzene	50446-44-1
H ₃ BTC	1,3,5-benzenetricarboxylic or trimesic acid	554-95-0
H ₃ NOTB	4,4',4''-nitrotribenzoic acid	118996-38-6
H ₄ AzBTC	3,3',5,5'-azobenzenetetracarboxylic acid	365549-33-3
HFA	Formic acid	64-18-6
HIm	Imidazole	288-32-4
HMelm	2-methylimidazol	693-98-1
P4CA	Pyridine-4-carboxamide or isonicotinic acid	1453-82-3
PTz	5-(4-pyridyl)tetrazol	14389-12-9
PyEt	1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethane	4916-57-8
PyEty	1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethylene	13362-78-2
Pyz	Pyrazine	290-37-9
Ser	(2s)-2-amino-3-hydroxypropanoic acid or serine	302-84-1

6. Electronic Resources

A user interface can be used free or charge in <http://mofdb-bam.de/>

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